JOHNSON
MUTUAL FUNDS

Johnson Institutional Short Duration Bond Fund

CLASS I: JIBDX **CLASS F: JIMDX**

AS OF: JUNE 30, 2024

MORNINGSTAR™ CATEGORY

U.S. Short-Term Bond
522 Funds in Category

Overall Morningstar Ratings by Class[1]

CLASS I
★★★

Based on risk-adjusted returns as of 6/30/2024

KEY FACTS

Class:	Class I	Class F
Ticker:	JIBDX	JIMDX
CUSIP:	479164600	479164816
Share Class Launch Date:	8/31/2000	5/1/2018
Expense Ratio (gross):	0.30%	0.55%
Expense Ratio (net)[2]:	0.25%	0.40%
Minimum Investment:	$1,000,000	$500,000

FUND PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS

Fund Benchmark:
ICE BofAML U.S. Corp & Gov't Index, 1-3 Years

30-Day SEC Yield:	
Subsidized:	4.53% (Class I)
Unsubsidized:	4.48% (Class I)
Yield to Worst:	5.16%
Effective Duration:	2.02 years
Weighted Average Life:	2.29 years
Portfolio Turnover:	31.44% (12-mo.)
Number of Holdings:	111

FUND DESCRIPTION

Johnson Institutional Short Duration Bond Fund's stated objective is a high level of income over the long term consistent with preservation of capital. The Fund is an investment grade domestic fixed income portfolio that aims to provide outperformance over the market index with comparable volatility and greater downside risk management.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- Strict adherence to quality credit discipline
- Overweight "low beta", shorter duration credit
- Utilize longer duration U.S. government securities as a credit hedge and for liquidity
- Emphasize intermediate maturity to potentially capture roll return and "off the run" yield premium
- Neutral duration slightly longer than the ICE BofAML U.S. Corp & Gov't Index, 1-3 Years
- In managing the Fund, portfolio managers do not speculate on changes in interest rates

INVESTMENT PHILOSOPHY

The Fund's portfolio management team's philosophy is built on the belief that fixed income plays two crucial roles within a portfolio. First and foremost, we believe fixed income should serve as the anchor of a portfolio – seeking to lower risk and preserve assets, especially during periods of market volatility. Second, fixed income should be a consistent and reliable source of compounding income.

The team seeks to build portfolios that maximize yield and total return in normal environments, while never sacrificing our high-quality discipline, that aims to provide reliable downside risk management during periods of economic and market stress. To accomplish this, the Fund is often positioned overweight corporate bonds relative to its benchmark with the goal of maximize current income. In order to help limit the Fund's overall spread sensitivity, the Fund generally strives for a shorter spread duration than the index. The Fund's focus on intermediate maturity corporates also provides additional opportunities for both yield curve and credit curve roll return. The team's disciplined credit process aims to minimize volatile sectors and issuers with the goal of mitigating volatility, especially during higher risk periods. Balancing the Fund's tilt toward what we define as high-quality intermediate corporate bonds with longer duration government bonds can provide an additional hedge to the portfolio and may further lessen volatility. While the Fund seeks to provide downside risk management, it may not always be able to do so.

Different to the industry, this quality yield approach aims to provide a high degree of both outperformance and consistency during strong and weak environments. When yield spreads are tightening in the market and credit performs well, we believe the portfolio's overweight to the sector may help performance. When spreads are widening and corporate bonds lag in the market, we believe the portfolio's quality emphasis and shorter duration exposure should lead to solid attribution from security selection.

ANNUALIZED PERFORMANCE

	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year
Class I-JIBDX:	5.01%	0.39%	1.24%	1.44%
Benchmark:	4.97%	0.58%	1.28%	1.37%

CALENDAR YEAR PERFORMANCE

	2ND QTR 2024	YTD	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Class I-JIBDX:	0.91%	1.46%	4.78%	-4.29%	-0.91%	3.91%	4.65%
Benchmark:	1.00%	1.46%	4.66%	-3.76%	-0.41%	3.35%	4.07%

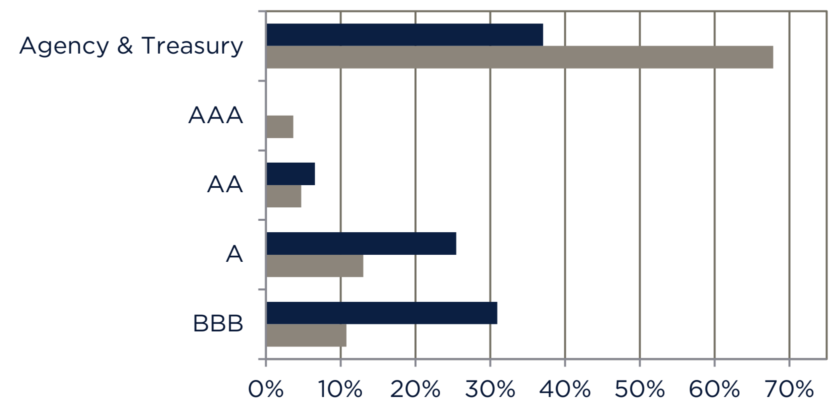
The performance data quoted represents past performance. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted above. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. For performance information current to the most recent month-end, please call toll-free 800-541-0170.

There is no guarantee that any investment strategy will achieve its objectives, generate profits or avoid losses.

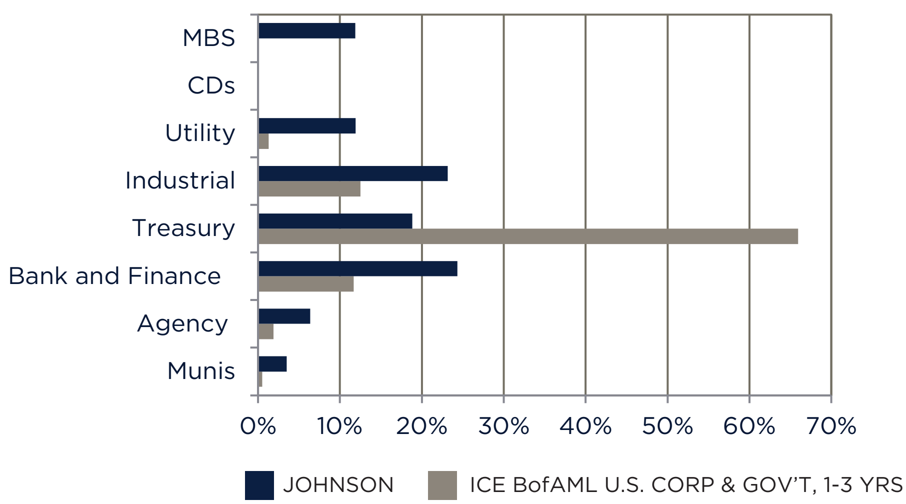
For more information on our products and services please contact a member of our Sales & Client Service Team at 513.389.2770.

20240729-3708002

QUALITY WEIGHTINGS[3]



SECTOR WEIGHTINGS



FIXED INCOME PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT TEAM:

Jason Jackman, CFA
- Chief Executive Officer, Principal
- 31 Years Industry Experience

Michael Leisring, CFA
- Chief Investment Officer - Fixed Income & Portfolio Manager, Principal
- 26 Years Industry Experience

Brandon Zureick, CFA
- Managing Director & Portfolio Manager, Principal
- 16 Years Industry Experience

David Theobald, CFA
- Senior Portfolio Manager, Principal
- 17 Years Industry Experience

Ryan Martin, CFA
- Portfolio Manager, Principal
- 11 Years Industry Experience

Investors should consider the investment objectives, risks, and charges and expenses of the Fund(s) before investing. The prospectus contains this and other information about the Fund(s) and should be read carefully before investing. The prospectus may be obtained at www.johnsonmutualfunds.com, or by calling, 800-541-0170., or 513-661-3100. Distributed by Ultimus Fund DIstributors, LLC, Member FINRA/SIPC. Johnson Asset Management and Johnson Investment Counsel, Inc, are not affiliated with Ultimus Fund Distributors, LLC.

[1]The Morningstar Rating™ for funds, or "star rating", is calculated for managed products with at least a three-year history. Exchange-traded funds and open-ended mutual funds are considered a single population for comparative purposes. It is calculated based on a Morningstar Risk-Adjusted Return measure that accounts for variation in a managed product's monthly excess performance, placing more emphasis on downward variations and rewarding consistent performance. The Morningstar Rating does not include any adjustment for sales loads. The top 10% of products in each product category receive 5 stars, the next 22.5% receive 4 stars, the next 35% receive 3 stars, the next 22.5% receive 2 stars, and the bottom 10% receive 1 star. The Overall Morningstar Rating for a managed product is derived from a weighted average of the performance figures associated with its 3-, 5-, and 10-year (if applicable) Morningstar Rating metrics. While the 10-year overall star rating formula seems to give the most weight to the 10-year period, the most recent 3-year period has the greatest impact because it is included in all three rating periods. The Johnson Short Duration Bond Fund Institutional Class I received a 3-star Overall Morningstar Rating out of 522 funds in the U.S. Short-Term Bond category as of 6/30/2024. The Fund was rated 3 stars of out 522 funds, 3 stars out of 482 funds; and 3 stars out of 354 funds in the Short Duration Core Bond category for the 3-, 5- and 10-year periods, respectively.

[2]The Adviser has contractually agreed to waive a portion (0.05%) of its management fees for the Johnson Institutional Intermediate Bond Fund, at least through April 30, 2025, so that the Management Fee is 0.25% for the period. The Adviser may not unilaterally change the contract until May 1, 2025. Additionally, a portion (0.10%) of the 12b-1 fee is also being waived through April 30, 2025 for the Class F Shares. Absent such arrangements, which cannot be changed without Board approval, the returns may have been lower. For more information, please carefully read the most recent prospectus dated May 1, 2024. To obtain a prospectus for the Fund, please contact Johnson Mutual Funds at 513-661-3100 or 800-541-0170.

[3]Security quality ratings are derived from underlying portfolio securities by using the middle rating of Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch. If only two of Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch rates a security the lower of the two is selected. If only one of Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch rates a security the available rating is used. Ratings by any agency represent an opinion only, not a recommendation to buy or sell. Securities that are not rated by any agencies are reflected as Not Rated "NR."

Important Risks:

Shares in the Fund may fluctuate, sometimes significantly, based on interest rates, market conditions, credit quality and other factors. In a rising interest rate environment, the value of an income fund is likely to fall. Generally, bond values will decline as interest rates rise. The market's behavior is unpredictable and there can be no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its goal. The Fund's performance could be affected if borrowers pay back principal on certain debt securities before or after the market anticipates such payments, shortening or lengthening their duration, and could magnify the *effect of the rate increase on such security's price. To the extent the Fund invests more heavily in particular bond market sectors, its performance will be especially sensitive to developments that significantly affect those sectors. When issued/delayed-delivery securities can have a leverage-like effect on the Fund, which may increase fluctuations in the Fund's share price and may cause the Fund to liquidate positions when it may not be advantageous to do so to satisfy its purchase obligations. Diversification does not ensure a profit or guarantee against loss. Fixed income investments are affected by a number of risks, including fluctuation in interest rates, credit risk, and prepayment risk. In general, as prevailing interest rates rise, fixed income prices will fall.*

Glossary:

The Merrill Lynch 1-3 Year Corporate/Government Bond Index *includes publicly issued U.S. Treasury debt, U.S. government agency debt, taxable debt issued by U.S. states and territories and their political subdivisions, debt issued by U.S. and non-U.S. corporations, non-U.S. government debt and supranational debt.*

Yield to Worst *is the lowest potential bond yield received without the issuer defaulting, it assumes the worst-case scenario, or earliest redemption possible under terms of the bond.*

30-day SEC Yield *represents net investment income earned by the fund over the previous 30-day period, expressed as an annual percentage rate based on the Fund's share price at the end of the 30-day period.*

Subsidized *yield reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements during the period. Without waivers and/or reimbursements, yields would be reduced.*

Unsubsidized *yield does not adjust for any fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements in effect.*

Effective Duration *measures the interest rate risks of bonds with optionality, such as mortgage-backed securities (MBS), where the timing of principal repayment is highly dependent on interest rate levels.*

Weighted Average Life *is the average number of years each dollar of unpaid principal remains outstanding.*

Portfolio Turnover *serves as a measure of how actively a particular portfolio is trades. The rate of turnover is calculated by taking the lesser of purchases or sales of portfolio securities and dividing by the monthly average market value of the portfolio.*

Roll Return *is a concept in fixed-income investing which emphasizes the potential capital appreciation of a bond as it approaches maturity within a given yield curve environment.*

"Off the run" *treasuries are all Treasury bonds and notes issued before the most recently issued bond of a particular maturity. The price difference between the "on-the-run" and "off-the-run" treasuries is often referred to as the* "off-the-run" yield premium*, as the more liquid Treasuries are obtained at a higher cost.*

Spread Duration *is a measure to estimate the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in its credit spread.*

Beta *shows the volatility of an individual issuer compared to the systematic risk of the entire market.*